

# Phase II and Phase III Project Cover Sheet

All information contained within the individual site database and inventory sheets is solely the work of the researchers and authors noted below. The data provided has been culled from the original site reports noted below and in many cases has been lifted directly from them with little or no editing. The database and inventory sheets are meant to serve as a synopsis of the report findings and a finding aid and are not intended to replace or republish the research of the authors noted below.

## REPORT INFORMATION:

1998 Fehr, A.L. and J. Armstrong  
Phase I Archeological Survey of the Proposed Villages of Urbana Planned Unit Development, Frederick County, Maryland.  
Submitted to the Monocacy Land Company, L.L.C.

Library ID No: 00006864 Catalog/Shelving ID: FR 136

## Research Firm/Institution:

R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc.  
241 E. Fourth Street, Suite 100  
Frederick, MD 21701

## Sites examined:

18FR725	18FR729	18FR731	18FR732	Others
NRHP Eligible: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NRHP Eligible: <input type="checkbox"/>	NRHP Eligible: <input type="checkbox"/>	NRHP Eligible: <input type="checkbox"/>	
<a href="#">Justification</a>	<a href="#">Justification</a>	<a href="#">Justification</a>	<a href="#">Justification</a>	

## Project Details:

Phase I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Project Justification:
Phase II		Phase I archeological investigations were conducted near the town of Urbana, MD in 1997 prior to the construction of a housing development and infrastructure improvements. Development plans included emplacement of infrastructure and housing units; including both single family and town house units.
Phase III		

MAC Accession: 1999.012

Project Objectives:
-Develop a predictive model for locating high potential locations for prehistoric and historic period sites.
-Sample each high potential location for examination based upon the predictive model.
-Identify any archeological resources within the sampled areas to locate boundaries of such resources.
-To the extent possible, assess the significance of any identified resources.

## Research Potential:

See below for remaining research questions at 18FR725.

See below for remaining research questions at 18FR729.

See below for remaining research questions at 18FR731.

See below for remaining research questions at 18FR732.

## REPORT INFORMATION:

1999 Sanders, S.L., S. Ingram, K.M. Kuranda, H. McAloon, and G. Melhuish  
Archeological Evaluation of Dudderar Farm (18FR729), Urbana, Frederick County, Maryland.  
Submitted to the Monocacy Land Company, L.L.C.

Library ID No: 00007571 Catalog/Shelving ID: FR 139

## Research Firm/Institution:

R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc.  
241 E. Fourth Street, Suite 100  
Frederick, MD 21701

## Sites examined:

18FR729  
NRHP Eligible: ☐ [Justification](#) |

## Project Details:

Phase I		Project Justification:
Phase II	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Phase I archeological investigations were conducted at this site in 1997 prior to the construction of a housing development and infrastructure improvements. These studies identified potentially intact domestic deposits that reflected activities spanning the period from the early-mid 19th century through the 20th century. As construction of the development would impact the site, Phase II testing was recommended at the site to determine the integrity and research potential of the archeological deposits.
Phase III		

MAC Accession: 1999.015

Project Objectives:
-Verify the boundaries of the archeological deposits proposed during the initial Phase I study undertaken at the Dudderar Farm complex.
-Evaluate the archeological component surrounding the Dudderar Farm complex.
-Determine the integrity and research potential of the archeological deposits, applying the NRHP criteria for Evaluation.
-Prepare an amendment to the Dudderar Farm National Register nomination (previously nominated standing structures), if

## Research Potential:

Testing at 18FR729 verified the Phase I site boundaries and also verified that only the yard areas surrounding the primary dwelling contain intact archeological deposits, relating to the early-mid 19th century occupation of the dwelling. The remaining areas appear to be disturbed from the construction and destruction of outbuildings. Although intact, the archeological deposits do not appear to retain the potential to contribute valuable information concerning significant regional research issues. The yard scatter reflects incidental deposition of household and construction materials throughout the period of occupation of the dwelling. No intact features or discrete deposits were identified that would offer the potential to gain useful understanding of site use, layout, lifeways, foodways, or disposal patterns in the local or regional context.

## REPORT INFORMATION:

1999 Sanders, S., L. Paonessa, and E. Kiernan  
 Archeological Evaluation of Fat Oxen (18FR732), Frederick County, Maryland.  
 Submitted to the Monocacy Land Company, L.L.C.  
 Library ID No: 97000169 Catalog/Shelving ID: FR 144

## Research Firm/Institution:

R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc.  
 241 E. Fourth Street, Suite 100  
 Frederick, MD 21701

## Sites examined:

18FR732

NRHP Eligible: ☒[Justification](#)

## Project Details:

Phase I

Phase II ☒

Phase III

## Project Justification:

Phase I archeological investigations were conducted at this site in 1997 prior to the construction of a housing development and infrastructure improvements. These studies identified potentially intact archeological deposits surrounding a late 18th century farmhouse and relating to its earliest occupation. As construction of the development would impact the site, Phase II testing was recommended to determine the integrity and research potential of the archeological deposits.

## Project Objectives:

-Verify the boundaries of the archeological deposits proposed during the initial Phase I study undertaken at Fat Oxen.  
 -Evaluate the archeological component surrounding the Fat Oxen site.  
 -Determine the integrity and research potential of the archeological deposits, applying the NRHP criteria for Evaluation.

## Research Potential:

The results of field investigations at 18FR372 have shown that the archeological deposits do not retain integrity. Although materials were present that reflected 18th to 20th century occupation, some disturbance and mixing of deposits was noted. Due to the disturbed nature of the deposits, and the lack of intact pre-20th century features, the research potential of the site should be considered quite low.

## REPORT INFORMATION:

2003 Fehr, A.L., J.S. Roth, and C. Heidenrich  
 Phase II Archeological Evaluation of Site 18FR731, Frederick County, Maryland.  
 Submitted to the Monocacy Land Company  
 Library ID No: 97001719 Catalog/Shelving ID: FR 174

## Research Firm/Institution:

R. Christopher Goodwin & Associates, Inc.  
 241 East Fourth Street, Suite 100  
 Frederick, MD 21701

## Sites examined:

18FR731

NRHP Eligible: ☒[Justification](#)

## Project Details:

Phase I

Phase II ☒

Phase III

## Project Justification:

This report presents the results of the 2003 Phase II archeological investigations at previously identified Site 18FR731. The site is located in an agricultural field that is part of the (then) proposed Villages of Urbana Planned Unit Development. Development in the area will include emplacement of infrastructure and housing units, including both single family and town house units. The work was undertaken in accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, and pursuant to Article 83B, Sections 5-617 and 5-618 of the Annotated Code of Maryland.

MAC Accession: 2004.005.001

## Project Objectives:

-Determine the nature, age, and function of the site.  
 -Delineate the horizontal and vertical boundaries of the site.  
 -Assess the integrity of the site.

## Research Potential:

The Phase II archeological evaluation demonstrated that, although there is a late 18th century to early 19th century presence on Site 18FR731, the site lacks the integrity necessary to address research issues related to this occupation. The shovel testing and backhoe trenching conducted at the site indicated that the century or more of farming in this location has removed any evidence of subsurface features that may have been present. This indicates that 18FR731 no longer has the archeological integrity necessary to provide the temporal and spatial context for site interpretation.

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